

**Important to Business Men in
Victoria, California, Portland,
and Places on the Sound!**

This Journal is the oldest newspaper published in British Columbia; it is read by every business man from New Westminster to the Rocky Mountains, and is un-
derstood as an advertising medium for this Colony.
DAVID SPENCER, in Victoria, and L. P. FISHER, in
San Francisco, are our authorized Agents.

This paper may be read gratuitously in London at the
Central Establishment of "HOLLOWAY'S PILLS AND
CATHARTIC," 248, Strand, where advertisements and sub-
scriptions for the same are received.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS THIS DAY.

Great Bargains—J. S. Clute.

The British Columbian.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1867.

THE PRESS AND THE EXECUTIVE.

It has been said by some enthusiastic individual, Victor Hugo, if we mistake not: "The Press is the light of the world." Accepting the extravagance, if one may be allowed the expression, when the light of the world becomes darkness how great must be that darkness. When that which ought to light the people onward and upward to a higher intelligence becomes a false light—degenerates into an *ignis fatuus*, a mere Jack-with-a-lantern, luring the unwary on to political quagmires, the danger is very great and the public ought to be warned. But when one comes to deal with a degenerate Press, such in fact as now exists in one section of this Colony, there is, perhaps, less cause for alarm. Like the scorpion it destroys itself. We will spare our readers the inevitable disgust consequent upon a glance at the history of the two papers at present published at Victoria. Suffice it to say that the senior sheet is again taking a turn—returning like a sow, etc. Of the *News* perhaps the less said the better; for it is one of those obscure, sickly things the pernicious effects of which are best neutralized by being left alone. Its responsible(?) editor has just returned from a mission to San Francisco in connection with the transfer of the British possessions on the Pacific to "Uncle Samuel," and of him and his mission it may not unfitly be said, in the words of the nursery rhyme:—

"Simple Simon went a-fishing,
For to catch a whale
And all the water he had got
Was in his mother's pail."

Even annexationists admit that the reception with which their plenipotentiary-extraordinary met at San Francisco was far short of what the excited imagination of the seditious clique had conjured up. There was no torch-light procession. The guns on Mare Island were silent! The reputation of the ostensible manager of the other paper is already too well established to call for comment now. As the weathercock turns with every change of the atmospheric current, so does our contemporary with every political blast. Of him it may truly be said: "A merciful providence has fashioned him hollow. On purpose that he might his principles swallow."

During the Douglas régime he was amongst those who demanded change. On the arrival of Governor Kennedy he was amongst the crowd, who, like the serpent subsequent to the curse, adopted a horizontal posture instead of maintaining that upright and erect attitude which alone becometh an honest and independent man. But he was soon found with the mob, roaring away with him, away with him, crucify him! He was also found amongst those who hailed the subsequent advent of Mr. Seymour, as the Governor of the United Colony; and ever since the introduction of the new state of things, brought about entirely by Victoria politicians, he has been found blowing hot and blowing cold with every change of the moon, one week spouting treason and the next roaring for the blood of the "rebels." Such being, in a few words, the political history of the Political Weathercock, no one can be in the least surprised to find that he is again, veering round—paving the way for another bout for annexation. Thus we find him in two consecutive articles, last week, dealing out to his Excellency the most unmeasured abuse; and all because the Customs Revenue is not flowing into the Treasury according to the Estimates. Whose fault is it that the stream is almost dried up? They cannot have their cake and eat it. Revenue cannot flow into the Colonial Treasury which has been drained off into the pockets of a few Victoria

speculators. The Governor is held up to ridicule for having estimated the customs revenue for the year at \$400,000; but it should be recollected that when that was done no allowance was made for less than a dozen of sharp speculators pocketing certainly not less than \$800,000! Who is to blame for that? Undoubtedly the Government is to blame for permitting itself to be juggled out of it by a knot of sharpers. But if the Government is chargeable with weakness, the very party which our contemporary lauded to the sky is guilty of something infinitely worse. What did the Victoria members say in the House with regard to the estimated Customs Revenue? It is quite true that when any items of expenditure for the Mainland were under consideration, the Senior Member for Victoria dolorously depicted an empty treasury and a bankrupt Government. But, no sooner is the House asked to reduce an item in the Tariff for the especial benefit of Victoria than the cry is raised that the customs revenue will far exceed the estimates, that there is plenty of room for the desired reduction. Is an appropriation for Victoria the subject of discussion; up jumps the polite Member for the District, with the ever-ready "Oh! I—I apologise" and the Members from the Island chime in with their chorus "plenty of revenue." Is the proposition to make special provision for the abolition of the Road Tolls; the Senior Member for Victoria assures the House, in the most fatherly and benign accents, that ample provision has already been made, that the Government has no idea how the revenue will flow in under the new Tariff, that it will exceed the estimates to such an extent as will justify the almost immediate abolition of the Road Tolls! Is the Government warned of the financial consequences of admitting Island stocks into the Mainland markets free of duty; the Victoria Members declare that these stocks are so insignificant the measure will not perceptibly affect the revenue, and that there will be plenty without it. And yet, no sooner has this act of spoliation been perpetrated than one firm alone exhibits a million of dollars upon its inventory! Yet in the face of all these facts, not one of which they dare controvert, these people have the unmitigated impertinence to charge the whole blame of the falling off in the customs revenue upon the Government!

New Advertisements.**FISHING TACKLE,**

Of all kinds to be had at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

GOOD POCKET KNIVES &

Scissors at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

ACORDEON'S,

Flutena's & Concertina's, Violins, Flutes & Fifes, with instruction books to be had at G. C. Clarkson & Co's.

TOYS,

For the youngsters at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

GOLD PENS,

Mathematical Instruments, Thermometers, Color Boxes, Chess Boards & Men, Writing Desks & Portfolios at G. C. CLARKSON & CO'S.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS,

Elegantly bound Gift Books and Church Services;

Stationery

in all its variety at G. C. CLARKSON & Co's.

A LARGE STOCK OF STANDARD**BOOKS**

AT LOWER PRICES THAN EVER.

CALL AND SEE AT**G. C. Clarkson & Co's.**

Je 15 67, to

New Advertisements.**GREAT BARGAINS**

are to be had

at

the Store of the Subscriber,

COLUMBIA STREET,

whose Stock of Summer Goods is now complete, consisting of all kinds of

Staple and Fancy Dry Goods,
Men's and Children's Clothing,
Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps, &c. &c.**J. S. CLUTE'S.****JUST RECEIVED**

A Splendid Assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods consisting of

Cobourgs, De Laines, Muslins, Embroid'd Robes, Alpaccas, Lustras, Empire Cloths, Poplins, Moairas, plain and Guinnes, &c., &c.,
at J. S. CLUTE'S.**A Splendid Stock of**French Cambrics, Prints, Ginghams, Brilliante, White Satinings, Lustras, Ticking, Flannels, Marcellies, Brown Holland, Linen Damasks, Brown Cottons, &c., &c.,
at J. S. CLUTE'S.Ladies' Mantles, Shawls, Feathers, Trimmings, Ribbons, &c., &c.,
at J. S. CLUTE'S.**A Splendid Stock of**Ladies' and Children's Hoop Skirts, Cheaper than ever,
at J. S. CLUTE'S.Ladies', Gents', and Children's Boots and Shoes in endless variety (FRESH from the best English and American Manufacturers) of all kinds, styles and quality, bought for cash and will be sold **CHEAP**
at J. S. CLUTE'S.**JUST THINK!!! A first class article of Men's Calf Wellington Boots only \$5 per Pair,**
at J. S. CLUTE'S.All descriptions of Men's and Boys' Clothing consisting of
Coats of all descriptions,
Pants of every hue, style & quality,
Suits in great variety,
LOWER THAN EVER.
at J. S. CLUTE'S.Men's and Children's Hats,
The Largest Stock ever offered in this Market just opened
at J. S. CLUTE'S.

These Goods are all new and have been purchased upon the most favorable terms, and will be sold at reasonable prices. The Subscriber would wish it to be distinctly understood that having no connection with any retail house on any part of the Island, his Customers may depend upon getting

FRESH GOODSand not Stock that has been rejected there and rebashed for this Market.
J. S. CLUTE.All Orders from the interior filled with promptness and dispatch.
J. S. CLUTE.

Je 19 1m

New Advertisements.**COLONIAL HOTEL,**

NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

**Grelley & Arnaud
Hotel and Restaurant.**

A SPLENDID

BILLIARD SALOON,

In which will always be found the best

DRINKS AND CIGARSIn connection with the above they have opened a Store stocked with the choicest Brands of
WINES, LIQUORS, PORTER, BRANDIES, RUM, CIDER, SYRUPS, CORDIALS, BITTERS, &c., which they will sell by the bottle, gallon, or case.**THE BEST BRANDS OF
CIGARS,**HAVANA, MANILLA and CHEROOTS.
New Westminster, June 12 1867. Je 12 to**500,000 CIGARS**

AT

FIVE DOLLARS PER THOUSAND.

B. C. HORN & CO.

COR. FRONT AND CLAY, SAN FRANCISCO.
Je 8 to**NOTICE OF COPARTNERSHIP**

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned have this day disposed of half their interest in the

'COLONIAL HOTEL'

Now Westminster, to Mr. Pons Arnaud. The business, with all the improvements of the times, will be carried on under the style of

Grelley & Arnaud,

who hope by unremitting attention to the comfort of their customers to merit a continuance of that patronage so liberally bestowed upon the above establishment during the past seven years.

GREILEY BROS.

New Westminster June 6th 1867. Je 6 1m

BRITISH SHIP "SIAM."

Will leave Victoria for Melbourne about the 10th July. Has fine large accommodations for a few Cabin Passengers.

Inquire of the CAPTAIN, on board at Burrard Inlet; or the undersigned.
EDWD. STAMP, Agent.
Victoria, June 6th, 1867. Je 8**BRITISH SHIP "SIAM."**Neither the Captain nor the undersigned Agent for the above vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew.
EDWD. STAMP.
Victoria, June 6th, 1867. Je 8**NOTICE.****DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.**
The partnership existing heretofore between CHAMUEZ AMPARENT and Dominique SAUREGURY farmers near Oregon Jack's Creek; is this day dissolved by mutual consent.CHAMUEZ AMPARENT.
DOMINIQUE SAUREGURY.
Amparent Ranch, June 5 1867. Je 8 1m**FOR SALE OR LEASE**

ON FAVORABLE TERMS.

EDWARD'S FARM,

AT THE MOUTH OF

THE COQUITLEM RIVER.

Apply to

HENRY V. EDMONDS.
Je 1 1m**New Advertisements.****COLONIAL HOTEL, FARE REDUCED.****BARNARD'S STAGES**

WILL LEAVE

YALE

EVERY

MONDAY

WITH H. M. MAILS, EXPRESS AND PASSENGERS.

FOR

Lytton, Clinton, Soda Creek, Quesnelle and Barkerville,

WITH BRANCHES TO

Savona's Ferry and Lillooet.

BARNARD'S EXPRESS

CARRIES

LETTERS, TREASURE, VALUABLES, AND EXPRESS FREIGHT, TO BIG BEND, CARIBOO AND ALL WAY STATIONS.

Fare to Soda Creek, \$60.

Fare to Barkerville, \$85.

(This is exclusive of Steamer Fare.)
ap 17 to**JAMES ELLARD,**

IMPORTER AND DEALER IN

Flour, Sugar, Tea, Coffee, Tobacco, Tinware, Farm Produce, Fruit, Nails, Axes, Rope, Fancy Groceries, &c., &c., &c.

**BREAD AND BISCUIT BAKER.
COFFEE MANUFACTURER.**

A very superior article of Congou Tea on hand, direct from China.

Call and see my Tobacco. I am receiving regular supplies of Fresh Butter and Eggs from Farmers of the District.

Parties sending orders from up-river, accompanied by the CASH, will receive prompt attention and be supplied as cheaply as if they attended in person. Orders without the CASH cannot be attended to.

FRONT STREET, New Westminster.
April 13th, 1867. to**NOTICE.**I hereby caution the Public against crediting any person on my account, as I will not be responsible for debts contracted in my name.
P. L. JOHNSON.
Quesnelmouth, Nov. 13, 1866. no 12 to**NOTICE**

I hereby given that neither the Mast nor Consignee will be responsible for any debts that may be contracted by the crew of the ship Astarte, now lying at Burrard Inlet. New Westminster, May 16th, 1867. to

FOR SALE OR LEASE.

That property known as Woodcock's Wharf and Mills, consisting of Two Buildings fronting on Richard street, a wharf 600x200ft., upon which are built warehouses, freight-sheds and a "piggery" capable of containing 200 hogs.

This property enjoys a free water-privilege with sufficient depth for shipping to lie alongside the wharf.

The whole or any portion will be sold or leased upon the most reasonable terms.
Apply to
W. CLARKSON.
New Westminster, May 11th, 1867. to**NOTICE.**ALL parties indebted to Dr. Black are hereby notified that unless their accounts are paid or arranged before the 1st day of June next, immediate proceedings will be taken.
ma 22 to
HENRY V. EDMONDS.**New Advertisements.****COLUMBIA HOTEL,**

COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER, B. C.

PROPRIETOR,

FRANK G. RICHARDS.

THIS large and central Hotel, having been thoroughly renovated and refurnished, is now open for the reception of Travellers and regular Boarders.

A few suits of rooms admirably adapted for the accommodation of Families.

THE BAR

will be constantly supplied with the choicest LIQUORS, CIGARS, &c.

No pains will be spared to give complete satisfaction to those who may patronize this House.
New Westminster, January 23d 1867. to**FOR SALE.****One 12 Horse power Steam Engine and Boiler.**

THE COMPLETE

**MACHINERY FOR
A SAW MILL.**

AND A

PLANNER.

either together or in Lots.

Apply to

ap 6 to H. V. EDMONDS.

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP

KNOW all men by these presents that the copartnership heretofore existing between Brown and Gaspard, of Dog Creek, B. C., is this day dissolved by mutual consent.

All monies due the above firm will be collected by S. L. C. BROWN, and all debts contracted by the above firm up to date will be paid by S. L. C. BROWN.

S. L. C. BROWN.
VERSEPUCLA ISIDORE, dit GASPARD.
Witnesses,
DAVID MATHESON,
Moses FERGUSON. ma 29 to**NOTICE.****Barnard's Stages**

MAKE

WEEKLY TRIPS ONLY

Passengers for Cariboo by Stage will require to leave Victoria by FRIDAY'S STEAMER.

See large advertisement.

F. J. BARNARD.

CUNNINGHAM, BROS.Begg to announce to the public that having secured the permanent services of a first-class TINSMITH and PLUMBER they are prepared to execute all orders in these branches, with promptitude and on reasonable terms.
Jul 1 to**PUBLIC AUCTION.**

I HAVE received instructions from the Assignees of the Estate of Theophile De Neuville to sell by Auction

On Saturday, 11th May next, Six splendid Team Horses, with wagon, harness and everything complete.

Two black Canadian ponies.

One gray Horse,

One one year old Colt,

1 1/2 doz. Wright's picks,

1 1/2 doz. Shovels.

102 Bales good Hay, &c., &c., &c.

Sale to take place at my office, Front street, Fort Yale, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
A. BARNOL, Auctioneer.
my 1 4 to
The above Sale is postponed until further notice.
my 11 to
A. BARNOL.

The British Columbian.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 19, 1867.

BRITISH COLUMBIA AND THE
HIGHLAND SOCIETY OF SCOTLAND.

We have before us a late copy of the *Edinburgh Evening Courier*—a paper, by the way, which has attained its 24,219th edition, containing a report of a meeting of the Directors of the Highland and Agricultural Society, the right hon. Lord Belhaven and Hamilton, Vice-President of the Society, in the Chair. After the transaction of business of a more local and routine character the Secretary of the Society reported upon a correspondence with Mr. W. E. Cormack, of this city, stating that in the Spring of 1866 the Society had received several communications from that gentleman, transmitting four samples of grass seeds indigenous to British Columbia, including the "bunch grass" of the higher altitudes of the interior. These seeds were immediately placed in the hands of two eminent nurserymen of Edinburgh, Messrs. Robert T. Macintosh and Peter S. Robertson. Respecting these seeds, Mr. Macintosh reports that only two varieties, Nos. 1 and 4, vegetated. Of No. 1 he says: "It is too much allied to the bent grasses of our own country to be any great acquisition to our already numerous family of grasses. No. 4 I think differently of from its appearance and succulent nature, growing in poor soil in high situations, it might prove a very valuable addition to the Italian grass family, which, in appearance it very much resembles, with this in its favor over the Italian of being much hardier." We may mention that No. 4 is the famous bunch grass of the interior. Mr. Robertson's report is rather more full and scientific, and is as follows:—"1st grass from Lake La Hache came up pretty well, produced broad, short leaves in abundance, came into flower in August, appeared to be a species of Bromus; the panicles grew to a height of 1 to 14 feet, but had no fertile seeds. The plants had no covering during last winter, and they are looking very fresh and healthy at present. I notice that the growth made by the leaves at this date is far earlier than our ordinary grasses, and looks as if it would be nearly as early as Bromus Schraderi. I intend to separate the plants, and to see if the second year's herbage be stronger than the first. 2d, Timothy grass, from same lake as above—only three or four plants of this parcel grew; these did not flower last year, are at present quite healthy and resemble the common Timothy in every respect, but that they are growing much earlier. I purpose to divide the plants of these also, and as it belongs to a more promising family than the Bromus as a forage grass, I have a hope it may be worth attention. 3d, Fescue grass (Vulg. Red top)—Grew well, leaves long, very narrow, is distinct from any of the cultivated sorts, the herbage scanty, no flowers produced, and about half of the plants killed during the winter. I suspect this parcel contained two species. The seeds did not look different, but the result as to hardness seems to indicate a mixture. Of the other parcels none grew with me, and I fear that no further germination can be expected this year." The Secretary further reports Mr. Cormack's intention of sending to the Society two live lambs of the native sheep of British Columbia, with the view of experimenting for the improvement of the wool or carcase of some of the breeds of Great Britain. He also suggests the introduction into the Highlands of Scotland of the California quail, a very handsome and savory bird, introduced into this Colony with considerable success a few years ago. The space occupied by the subject, and the vote of thanks to Mr. Cormack demonstrate the appreciative character of the gentlemen who direct the affairs of the above Society. Respecting the promised lambs it will doubtless interest the Society to know that Mr. Cormack, having been so fortunate as to secure the invaluable services of the Rev. Father Pouquet, O.M.I., is very sanguine of success. Those who understand the habits of these habitants of our snow-clad mountains, and how very difficult it is to capture

them alive will understand the *onus* of Mr. Cormack's self-imposed task. Mr. Cormack has received the thanks of the Highland and Agricultural Society of Scotland. He deserves the thanks of his fellow-colonists for the attention he has for years bestowed upon the important and philanthropic work of bringing the natural resources of British Columbia under the notice of scientific individuals and associations in other countries. The present is but one out of numerous instances.

THE RECONNOITRE.

The hon. Mr. Brew returned on Sunday, having been away exactly one week, examining the locality from which the sample of copper ore to which we alluded a fortnight ago was obtained. It is an island about nine miles long and two to three miles in width, known as L'Isle-aux-Islands, to the south of Taxala Island, and nearly opposite Comox. Mr. Brew found a vein of copper four feet in width and nine inches in thickness, within about twenty feet of a good land-locked harbor. The ore, samples of which he brought away, is precisely the same as that assayed the other day, and which yielded 26 per cent. The only point needing confirmation is as to the extent of the vein. Its richness is beyond all cavil. We see by referring to a very able report upon the New Era Copper Mine, Tuolumne County, Cal., of which Mr. Leigh Harnett is the author, that the copper ores of England, as shown by tables extending through 88 years, never once in that period exceeded 12 per cent, while for the last 7 years they have never exceeded 6 per cent. The California ore, although it does not fall below 12 per cent, seldom attains a higher rate than 20 per cent. So that the vein discovered on L'Isle-aux-Islands, in point of richness is seldom equalled. Mr. Brew is of opinion that the general formation and indications of the island leave little room to doubt the existence of minerals of various kinds; coal there appears to be in abundance. Deer, too, is very plentiful upon this and the neighboring islands; and, altogether, it would afford a nice opportunity to two or three gentlemen who might desire to unite recreation with prospecting for a few weeks during the summer.

MR. TAYLOR'S REPORT.

Mr. James W. Taylor, of St. Paul, Minn., has been investigating the subject of gold production in those portions of America east of the Rocky Mountains. His report to the U.S. Secretary of the Treasury travels over much ground and contains a considerable amount of interesting information on the subject of the production, accumulation, and movements of the precious metals. In the course of the report Mr. Taylor states that the belief is prevalent among the mining population of the American territories that the richest mines are to be found near the sources of the Saskatchewan, and predicts that "a sudden migration of thousands may at any moment be anticipated." He conjectures that the intelligence received in Oregon last year of the rich washings on the British side of the boundary "may be the signal of a movement over the border into the Saskatchewan basin, as remarkable as that which filled the valley of the Fraser River with miners from California and Oregon in 1858." Mr. Taylor, although associated with the ridiculous and impertinent Bank's annexation scheme, is a young man of more than ordinary promise, and has taken a deep interest in Confederation and the resources of the Red River and Saskatchewan country, even before the rush to this Colony in 1858. His knowledge of the British territory appears, however, to be confined chiefly to the eastern side of the Rocky Mountains.

RIFLE MATCH—The N. W. Rifle Corps has received and accepted a challenge to shoot against Ten of the Victoria Corps. The match will come off at the Brunette Butts on some day after the 18th prox. Ranges, 200, 400, 600 and 800 yards. Practice will commence at 2 o'clock on Saturday, at the long range, when all members who intend competing for the Ten are particularly desired to be present.

WHAT A SHAME!—We have occasionally been surprised and pained to learn how some people who come to this colony leave anxious and affectionate wives, mothers, sisters, fathers and brothers at home, year after year looking in vain for tidings from their absent relatives, not even knowing whether they are dead or alive. Letter after letter, sometimes of the most distressing character, comes out from these anxious ones, addressed to the Minister, the Editor or the Postmaster, making enquiry about so and so who came to British Columbia in such and such a year, and has not been heard from for one, two, three, four, five or six years, as the case may be. Such conduct is worse than cruel. It is disgraceful! We have now a list of names of some of these delinquents on hand, which we may take occasion to advertise unless they reform.

FROM NANAIMO.—We have files of the *Nanaimo Tribune* up to Saturday. We regret to learn that Mr. McIlveen, for several years Teacher of the Public School in this city, met with a somewhat severe accident in the shaft of the Douglas coal pit. According to latest accounts he was doing well. — C. S. Nicol, Esq., for many years manager of the coal mines, goes down with his family to San Francisco by the next mail steamer, to act as the Company's agent there. The bark *Australind* arrived from San Francisco yesterday week and will take away 700 tons of coal. Although no definite agreement has been come to between Mr. Wild and the miners yet the general feeling is that work will be resumed shortly.

THE PIDWELL SUIT.—The suit of Mr. J. T. Pidwell against the H. B. Co. to recover the loss of baggage &c. of Mrs. Pidwell, who was a passenger on the ill-fated *Labouchere*, ended on Friday, having occupied the Court during four days. Chief Justice Needham delivered a most able and learned charge to the Jury on Friday, which occupied two hours and a quarter, and which was decidedly against the defendants. The Jury failed to agree. The amount claimed was only some \$700, but it was understood that this was put forward as a test suit, to be followed by a number of others, if successful. As the matter now stands we presume no further proceedings will be likely to arise out of that most unfortunate affair.

BURRARD INLET.—Our outer harbor presents a rather agreeable contrast to some other parts of the colony just now. There all is bustle and activity. Three large ships—the *Astaire*, the *Princess Royal* and the *Siam*—are seeking cargoes. The last named ship will take six or seven hundred tons, and feet of lumber from Capt. Stamp's mill. The mill was to have commenced cutting for her yesterday, and it is expected to turn out at the rate of thirty thousand a day. One day last week seventy-five persons sat down to dinner at one time, in the boarding-house connected with the mill. The *Princess Royal* is taking in a cargo at Moody & Co's mills.

FROM YALE.—The str. *Oxward*, Capt. Irving, arrived from Yale on Monday, with a few passengers, and up-river express for Dietz & Nelson. The news is quite unimportant. The road through and beyond the green timber is represented as being in a deplorable condition, so much so that it is found almost impossible to get freight over it. The water in the Fraser is fast approaching high water mark, and steamboating between Hope and Yale is somewhat exciting.

FROM VICTORIA.—The str. *Enterprise*, Capt. Swanson, arrived from Victoria last evening with freight and passengers. Some impertinent fellow entered the *Boomerang* on Sunday morning, while Mr. Griffin was at breakfast, and marched off with the till. That's about all the local news our Victoria files contain.

AWARDED.—The contract for building new Holy Trinity Church was finally concluded with Mr. Trounce, on Monday. We understand the work will commence immediately, and it is intended to have the building enclosed by the end of October.

THE MAIL STEAMER.—The *Active* is announced to sail from San Francisco to-day, so that she will be due on Monday.

PLEASE DON'T CROWD.—We expect to see a perfect rush of people during the balance of the season at the establishment of Mr. Clute on Columbia St., all eager to purchase his new and choice goods, just received by last steamer. (See advertisement in another column.)

SAILED.—The str. *Isabel*, which went down to Victoria early on Saturday morning, returned on Sunday evening, and left on Monday shortly after noon, with Mrs. Seymour, Mr. Stapleton, the Hon. A. N. Birch and Mr. Mansell on board. It is understood that His Excellency the Governor and Mrs. Seymour will remain at Victoria for about two months.

ACCIDENT.—Mr. George Hazelwood was seriously injured on Monday, at Moody & Co's logging Camp, Burrard Inlet. A large saw-log rolled over him, crushing one of his legs and otherwise injuring him. He will be brought round to town to-day.

THE CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.—We believe the British Columbia Chamber of Commerce have prepared an address for presentation to the Hon. A. N. Birch, prior to his departure for England.

TELEGRAPHIC.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 5.—The primary election to-day was one of the most exciting ever known in this city. The regular union ticket elected 25 of the 38 delegates, who are understood to be pledged to Gorham.

June 11.—Sailed the British ship *Nation's Hope*, Nanaimo.

June 11.—Arrived, U. S. revenue cutter *Lincoln*, 53 days from Port Townsend, via Victoria 31 days; bark *Architect*, 9 days from Port Discovery.

June 12.—Arrived bark W. H. Galloway, 7 days from Port Malison.

June 12.—Sailed, bark Gen. Cobb, Seabeck.

June 12.—Arrived steamer *Active*, 3 days and 22 hours from Victoria, brig *Admiral*, 7 days from Utsalar.

June 13.—Sailed, bark H. L. Rutgers, Port Ludlow; bark Chris. Mitchell, Port Malison; bark Lizzie Bages, Port Discovery.

SACRAMENTO, June 8.—The Union State Convention nominated Geo. C. Gorham, for Governor, Wm. Higby, was nominated for re-election to Congress for Second District.

SAN FRANCISCO, June 8.—Robert Cushing has commenced suit against the *Bulletin* for an alleged libellous mention of his name in connection with the primary election, laying his claim for \$25,000 damages.

EASTERN STATES.

BOSTON, June 9.—The *Traveler's* special dispatch says that typhoid fever is alarmingly prevalent in Washington. Hundreds of cases are reported.

WASHINGTON, June 10.—The trial of Serratt has commenced. He appeared very pale and careworn.

NEW YORK, June 9.—The *Herald's* special Washington dispatch says it is expected that telegraphic communication with Florida, Georgia, and the whole South will be established by June 15th.

June 10.—The trotting match between Commodore Vanderbilt and Gen. McClellan for \$2000 a side, at Fashion Course, was won by McClellan, who won the first, second and fourth heats. Best time 2:34.

June 11.—The *cleopatra* is reported to have disappeared in nearly all the ports of the world.

The billiard match between Dion and McDewitt, for the championship of America took place at Montreal last night, was won by Dion, who made 1500 points to McDewitt's 800.

June 11.—The *Herald's* St. Petersburg letter of May 23d says the negotiations for the purchase of the property of the Russian American Fur Company stands still and they are not likely to be concluded soon. I learn that the territory is to be delivered to the United States on the 15th of September at Sitka. The commissioners are yet to be appointed. Bodisco left this morning with eight copies of the treaty of Luxemburg and also the American treaty. He expected to reach Washington on the 22d June.

June 8.—The *Herald's* special cable has a long account of the attempted

assassination of the Czar of Russia. The assassin fired two shots; the second barrel exploded, wounding his hand. The first ball penetrated the head of the horse ridden by the Imperial groom. The assassin says he came from Belgium with the intention of killing the Czar, and declares he has no accomplice.

The Americans in Paris will present an address to the Czar through General Dix. The address is congratulatory of Napoleon, and is extensively signed.

Several towns in France held the services of the Russian Church to-day. The Czar, Grand Duchess, and the sons of the Czar attended service in Paris, and offered thanksgiving for the escape of the Czar from assassination.

NEW YORK, June 5.—Col. Cole, brother of Senator Cole, of California, shot his cock dead for taking a cowardly advantage of and dishonoring his wife. It is thought Cole will be acquitted on the same principle that Sickles and Mary Harris got off. He has been committed for trial on the charge of murder.

NEW ORLEANS, June 18.—Wells has at length vacated the office of Governor.

WASHINGTON, June 18.—The trial of Serratt has commenced. The courtroom is crowded. Serratt appeared with a pale and careworn look, but during conversation with his counsel laughed heartily. Both sides announced themselves ready for the trial. A motion was made to quash the jury because it was not drawn according to law.

MEXICO.

NEW ORLEANS, June 10.—Mexican advices, dated May 23d, say, Miramon is dangerously ill from a wound, and is expected to die.

When Maximilian gave up his sword he said: "I surrender my sword owing to infamous treason, without which to-morrow's sun would have seen you in my hands."

Escabedo ordered a court-martial to convene on May 29th, for the trial of the Emperor.

Maximilian sent, through Gen. Diaz, a telegram pressing the Court to appeal to the Consul at Matamoras, to obtain permission for Mons. Rival and others to defend him. Three hundred and forty-seven officers were captured.

Maximilian issued a proclamation as follows: "I came to Mexico, called and protected by Napoleon, who to the ridicule of France, abandoned me, cowardly and infamously, upon the demand of the United States. When the news of my death reaches Europe all monarchs, of every age and country will demand of the Napoleonic dynasty an account of my blood and the German and French blood shed in Mexico; then Napoleon will be covered with shame from head to foot." He concluded with an appeal to the Mexicans to act with prudence. By way of New York we have Queretaro dates to May 26th. No disposition has been made of Maximilian. Mendez was shot on Sunday because he did not surrender within 24 hours. He met his fate bravely. Col. Campos, commander of Maximilian's body guard, was also shot for having attempted to escape with 4000 men after the surrender.

EUROPEAN.

CHICAGO, June 9.—The steamship *Bremen* brings European news to May 3th.

The Princess Mary was delivered of a daughter on May 26th.

The *Daily News* says the Reform Bill is making rapid progress in spite of its faults. The main object of the Reformers has been attained.

At Berlin, May 25th a royal decree was issued granting full pardon to persons liable to military service who emigrated without permission from lately incorporated provinces.

Candia intelligence through Greek sources, states that two fresh engagements occurred on May 15th and 16th resulting in favor of the Cretans.

June 10.—The Cable has transmitted a long account of the coronation of the Emperor and Empress of Austria as King and Queen of Hungary at Pesth, on June 8th. The coronation took place at Ofen, across the Danube, with medieval splendor, and the concluding rites at Pesth—8000 Hungarian and Austrian Nobles, a hundred Diplomats and a number of strangers witnessed the ceremonies. The Greek Bishops performed the ceremony. The Emperor when anointed

wore the ancient robes, shoes, crown and mantle of Stephen, the first Christian King of Hungary. The Empress was anointed under the right arm-pit; the Emperor took the oath in which he promised to reconquer the ancient rights of Hungary. The dispatch says nothing like this has been witnessed for centuries and will probably never be repeated. The ceremony closed by the King riding upon a mound of earth brought from different departments of Hungary, waving his sword to the four points of the compass and solemnly swearing he would defend the Kingdom against the world. This was followed by a grand banquet and illumination at night the Peers acting as servants at table. The Hungarian Diet voted a hundred thousand ducats as a present to the King and Queen. Ten archdukes were present. A general amnesty for political offences was proclaimed amid excitement and enthusiasm indescribable.

The nobility of Warsaw met on Sunday and resolved to send a deputation to Paris expressing their horror at the recent attempt to kill the Czar.

The marriage of the King of Greece with the Grand Duchess Olga, daughter of Constantine, will take place on the 29th May.

The Emperor of China will leave Peking in the middle of July. He will embark on a steamer at Suez and land at Marseilles the second week in August.

The King of Sweden will soon arrive.

LONDON, June 10.—There is great rejoicing in Russia over the escape of the Czar from assassination. The Poles everywhere disown connection or sympathy with the *eri o*.

The expedition to search for Dr. Livingstone has sailed.

June 11.—All the Fenian prisoners convicted of treason have been transferred to England in chains. The case of the U. S. vs. McRea was decided in favor of the latter.

Dispatches from Constantinople say the Porte has issued a decree making Egypt a separate sovereignty.

DUBLIN, June 10.—Two prominent Fenians have been arrested in Dunganon and identified as Cols. Nagle and Warren, formerly officers in the Irish Brigade of the army of the Potomac.

FLORENCE, June 10.—The Italian Parliament refused to ratify the convention concluded by Ferrara, Finance Minister, with French capitalists for a loan on the church property of Italy.

WASHINGTON, June 11.—Minister Adams informs the State Department that he had interposed in behalf of the Fenian prisoners in Ireland in the case of McCafferty. A writ of error was issued at the instance and at the expense of the United States.

PARIS, June 11.—The Czar has left for Germany. The Emperor gained popularity by distributing vast sums of money among the poor, and richly endowing various benevolent institutions.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY. Full returns give Flanders, the Republican candidate a majority of 108 over Clark, the Democratic candidate.

HOLLOWAY'S OINTMENT AND PILLS.—Skin Diseases.—It is acknowledged by all medical men that our well-being depends in a large measure on the natural action of the skin. Every precaution, therefore should be adopted to keep it in a healthy state, or, if already diseased, to set it right. Holloway's Ointment may be relied on for curing all cutaneous diseases. It arrests inflammation, removes scurf, heals ulcers, obliterates blemishes, and restores elasticity and softness to harsh skins. It overcomes all obstructions of pores, and promotes the general perspiration. No scrofulous or septic subject will be disappointed in the result, if Holloway's Ointment and Pills be used according to their accompanying instructions, which contain full information for self-treatment.

GOOD ACCOMMODATION.—Traveler to Cariboo this season will find most comfortable quarters at the Colonia, Hotel, Soda Creek, the enterprising proprietors Messrs. McLeese & Senay being prepared to afford to those who may favor them with a call increased accommodation at a much less cost than hitherto.

E. C. GILLETTE, C. E.,
Mining Engineer & Surveyor,
WILLIAMS CREEK

